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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A method of making an optical fiber preform comprising the steps of:

preparing a starting member by fusing a dummy rod to each of both end portions of a core preform comprising a core and a cladding; and

spraying and depositing fine particles of glass synthesized by glass synthesizing burner (s) onto the outer periphery of said starting member so as to form a soot body while axially reciprocating said starting member relative to one or a plurality of glass synthesizing burners while rotating said starting member about its axis;

wherein a marking point is set at a position separated from a junction between said core preform and each dummy rod by A × (a target outside diameter of the soot body [mm])² [mm] (where 0.0015 < A < 0.0030) toward the dummy rod, such that said reciprocating is effected by reversing the direction of a relative movement of said starting member and said one or a plurality of glass synthesizing burners at each time when all of said glass synthesizing burners reach said marking point or beyond toward an end of said starting member, each said glass synthesizing burners are constantly supplied when located between said marking points.

2. A method of making an optical fiber preform according to claim 1, wherein said reciprocating is

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effected by reversing the direction of said relative movement at each time when the burner positioned closest to a center of said starting member among said glass synthesizing burners reaches said marking point position.

- 3. A method of making an optical fiber preform according to claim 1, wherein a fuel gas supply to said glass synthesizing burners positioned on said starting member endportion side of said marking point are continued so as to heat an end portion of the soot body formed.
- 4. A method of making an optical fiber preform according to claim 1, wherein an eniportion of the formed soot body is heated by auxiliary burners disposed on said starting member end portion side of said marking point.

An apparatus for making an optical fiber preform, in which a starting member prepared by fusing a dummy rod to each of both end portions of a core preform comprising a core and a cladding is axially reciprocated relative to one or a plurality of disposed glass synthesizing burners while the starting member is being rotated about its axis; and fine particles of glass synthesized by the glass synthesizing burners are sprayed and deposited onto the outer periphery of the starting member so as to form a soot body;

said apparatus comprising:

a holder member for holding at least one end of said starting member;

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one or a plurality of glass synthesizing burners for spraying soot particles toward said starting member;

a material supply device for supplying a glass material to each of said glass synthesizing burners;

a moving device for axially reciprocating said starting member relative to said glass synthesizing burners while axially rotating said starting member;

an input device for inputting a target outside diameter value d [mm] of the soot body to be formed or a characteristic value necessary for a calculation thereof; and

a control device for setting a marking point at a position separated from a junction between said core preform and each dummy rod by A × d² [mm] (where 0.0015 < A < 0.0030) toward the dummy rod based on the inputted target outside diameter value of the soot body or from the target outside diameter value of the soot body determined from the inputted characteristic value, controlling said moving device so as to reverse the direction of a relative movement of said moving device and effect said axial reciprocating at each time when all of said glass synthesizing burners reach said marking point or beyond toward an end of said starting member, and controlling said material supply device so as to constantly supply the glass material to each of said glass synthesizing burners are located

between the marking points.